Brief information about the project

Name of the project	AP09058430 «Development of numerical methods for
1 0	solving Navier-Stokes equations combining fictitious
	domains and conjugate equations» (0121PK00366)
Relevance	This project is dedicated to conducting a comparative
	analysis of known variants of the fictitious domain method
	for nonlinear Navier-Stokes equations of a viscous
	incompressible fluid. Along with the classical variants of
	the fictitious domain method based on extensions by lower
	and higher coefficients a family of fictitious domain
	methods is developed using the general approach HIM
	(Hilbert Uniqueness Method) developed by L-L Lions In
	the first group of methods of fictitious domains problems
	arise for numerical solution of equations with strongly
	varying coefficients and with a poorly conditioned matrix
	When using the second group of methods, problems arise
	when using the second group of methods, problems arise with automating the computational process in an area with
	a complex boundary. This project will build new iterative
	methods for solving equations with highly variable
	approximation of the problems of reducing the problem of the
	method of figitizious domains to avtrame anas and annlying
	the method of conjugate equations are considered
	the method of conjugate equations are considered.
	The country's well-known geological exploration company
	«ECOSERVICE-C» LLP acts as a co-financing
	organization The specialists involved in the project have a
	sufficient number of scientific results to achieve the project
	goal They have published works in fundamental and
	applied areas. The research group will include only those
	scientists and specialists who are directly involved in
	solving the stated tasks.
Purpose	Constructing the numerical method for Navier-Stokes
I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I	equations in complex geometrical domains. Development
	of numerical method for solving elliptic equation with
	highly variable coefficients that occurs when using FDM
	for Navier-Stokes equations. Development of FDM for
	Navier-Stokes in variational formulation with Lagrange
	multiplier defined at actual-boundary using the conjugate
	equations theory.
Objectives	The main task of the project is to solve the difficulties
5	encountered in the numerical solution of the Navier-
	Stokes equations for a viscous incompressible liquid. The
	first difficulty is related to the setting of the boundary
	condition for pressure due to the lack of a physical
	formulation of the problem. The second difficulty is the
	complex curved boundaries of the integration domain. To
	overcome these difficulties, this project will develop
	effective methods of fictitious domains for numerical
	solution of the Navier-Stokes equation, the main idea of
	which is to move from solving problems in areas with a

	curved boundary to solving problems or a sequence of
	problems in areas whose boundaries would be simpler.
Expected and achieved results	A comparative analysis of two FDM families for the Navier-Stokes equations will be performed. Strictly mathematical problems of approximation, stability and convergence of the FDM auxiliary problem will be studied. Numerical calculations will be performed in a wide range of coefficients of the equation and a small parameter of the FDM on the example of the model problem. A software will be created for numerical solution of the Navier-Stokes system of equations using the fictitious domain method. The software will be created using object oriented programming and a new generation user interface. Thus, as a result of the project, the theoretical research of FDMs for Navier-Stokes equations at the differential and difference levels will be considered, effective algorithms for numerical implementation will be built, software will be developed using modern programming language, the numerical solutions of the problem will be found and presented in graphical form. The results obtained in the project are important, since the Navier-Stokes equations describe the physics of many phenomena and are used to solve scientific questions are used to model weather forecasts, air pollution, complex ocean currents, fluid flows in a pipe, and wing profile flow problems. Navier-Stokes equations are used in designing the streamlined shape of aircraft and automobiles, analyzing and studying blood vessels, and many other processes. In combination with Maxwell's equations, they can be used for modeling and study in magnetic hydrodynamics. The Navier-Stokes equations are also of great scientific interest in a purely mathematical sense, i.e. the problem of existence and smoothness of the solution in the other stokes equations are aspected of a stokes equations are also of great scientific interest in a purely mathematical sense, i.e. the problem of existence and smoothness of the solution in the other stokes equations are also of great scientific interest in a purely mathematical sense, i.e.
Research team members with	1. Temirbekov Almas Nurlanovich, PhD, Associate
their identifiers (Scopus Author ID, Researcher ID, ORCID, if available) and links to relevant profiles	 Professor, Scopus h-index:5, Web of Science h-index:2, Web of Science ResearcherID: ECD-5970-2022, Scopus Author ID: <u>56436563100</u>, ORCID: 0000-0002-4157-2799 2. Kasenov Syrym Erkinovich, PhD Associate Professor, Scopus h-index: 5, Web of Science h-index: 2, Web of Science ResearcherID: S-2074-2019, <u>https://orcid.org/0000-0002-0097-1873</u>, Scopus Author ID: 55964589700 3. Temirbekova Laura Nurlanovna, PhD, Scopus h-index: 4, Web of Science h-index: 1, Web of Science ResearcherID: P-7049-2017, <u>https://orcid.org/0000-0003-2456-9974</u>, Scopus Author ID: 55508043100 4. Tamabay Dinara Orazbekkyzy, Master of Sciences, Scopus h-index: 1, Web of Science sciences, Scopus h-index: 1, Web of Science h-index: 1, Web of Sciences, Scopus h-index: 1, Web of Science h-index: 1, Web of Sciences, Scopus h-index: 1, Web of Science h-index: 1, Web of Sciences, Scopus h-index: 1, Web of Science h-index: 1, Web of Sciences, Scopus h-index: 1, Web of Science h-index: 1, Web of Sciences, Scopus h-index: 1, Web of Science h-index: 1, Web of Sciences, Scopus h-index: 1, Web of Science h-index: 1, Web of Science h-index: 1, Web of Sciences, Scopus h-index: 1, Web of Science h-index: 1, Web of Sciences, Scopus h-index: 1, Web of Science h-index: 1, Meb of Science h-index: 1, Web of Science h-index: 1, Web of Science h-index: 1, Web of Science h-index: 1, Meb of Scienc

	ResearcherID: IRU-3078-2023, Scopus Author ID: 58192775000
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	https://doi.org/10.32014/2020.2518-1726.55 (KOKCOH
	MHBO PK).
	2 Kasenov S.E., Temirbekov A.N., Satybaev A. ZH.,
	Temirbekova L.N. Application of the fictitious domain
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	3 Temirbekov L.N., Malgazhdarov E.A. Creation and
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	https://doi.org/10.26577/JMMCS.2021.v111.i3.10
	(КОКСОН МНВО РК).
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	domain method for atmosphere boundary layer model. 5th
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	5 Гемироеков А. Н., Касенов С. Е. Численная
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	Enterprise Technologies. –2022Vol. 2. Issue4(116) -
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	<u>4061.2022.254261</u> (Scopus procentile – 47, SJR= 0.283,
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	8 Temirbekov A., Kasenov S., Temirbekova L.
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Patents	-